

1) air 20% $O_2 \rightarrow 32 \text{ g/mol}$
80% $N_2 \rightarrow 28 \text{ g/mol}$

Average molar mass

$$0.2(32 \text{ g/mol}) + 0.8(28 \text{ g/mol}) = \underline{28.8 \text{ g/mol}}$$

$$p = \rho RT$$

$$\rho = \frac{p}{RT} = \frac{101325 \text{ Pa}}{(287 \text{ J/kg}\cdot\text{K})(288 \text{ K})} = 1.226 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$28.8 \text{ g/mol} = 0.0288 \text{ kg/mol}$$

$$\frac{0.0288 \text{ kg}}{\text{mol}} \left(\frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles}} \right)$$

$$= 4.78 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg/particle}$$

$$V = \left(\frac{4.78 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg/particle}}{1.226 \text{ kg/m}^3} \right) (10^6 \text{ particles})$$

$$= 3.9 \times 10^{-20} \text{ m}^3$$

$$a = \sqrt[3]{V} = \sqrt[3]{3.9 \times 10^{-20} \text{ m}^3} = \boxed{3.4 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}}$$

$$2) \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\text{molar mass } H_2O = 18 \text{ g/mol} = 0.018 \text{ kg/mol}$$

$$0.018 \text{ kg/mol} \left(\frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles}} \right) = 3.0 \times 10^{-26} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{particle}}$$

$$V = \left(\frac{3.0 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg/particle}}{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3} \right) (10^6 \text{ particles})$$

$$= 3 \times 10^{-23} \text{ m}^3$$

$$a = \sqrt[3]{V} = \sqrt[3]{3 \times 10^{-23} \text{ m}^3}$$

$$a = 3.1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}$$

2) left prob:

$$P_L = P_R \Rightarrow \rho_{oil}(3\text{cm}) + \rho_{Hg}(0.5\text{cm}) = \rho_{H_2O}(h)$$

$$h = \frac{\rho_{oil}(3\text{cm}) + \rho_{Hg}(0.5\text{cm})}{\rho_{H_2O}} = \frac{(925 \text{ kg/m}^3)(3\text{cm}) + (13594 \text{ kg/m}^3)(0.5)}{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3}$$

$$h = 9.57 \text{ cm}$$

right prob:

$$P_L = P_R$$

$$\rho_L(6\text{cm}) + \rho_{H_2O}(1\text{cm}) = \rho_{Hg}(0.25\text{cm})$$

$$\rho_L = \frac{\rho_{Hg}(0.25\text{cm}) - \rho_{H_2O}(1\text{cm})}{6\text{cm}}$$

$$= \frac{13594 \text{ kg/m}^3(0.25\text{cm}) - 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3(1\text{cm})}{6\text{cm}} = 400 \text{ kg/m}^3$$